

### Domain 1: Relationships and Family Culture

1	Family Culture	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Establishes and teaches hierarchy. Roles are defined and posted. Incorporates family values / traditions / pictures / meals / jobs / meetings Shows overall warmth and genuine concern Evidence:	Several indicators of family culture are evident. The teacher is genuine and clearly in charge of the students' well-being.	Some indicators of a family culture.	No indicators of family culture are observed or felt.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
2	Teacher-Student Relationships	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Welcomes students into the classroom Creates dedicated connection times Relates to students outside of academics Addresses students with respect Evidence:	Many strategies are used to make personal connections with all students. Teacher-student relationships are genuine and a priority.	Some strategies are used to make personal connections.	The teacher does not make personal connections. The teacher-student relationship is mainly business.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
3	Student-Student Relationships	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Promotes inclusive and judgement free environment Creates Intentional relationship building activities Ensures students work cooperatively and positively with each other Evidence:	Students connect with one another in a positive manner. Many effective strategies are used to build and promote student-student relationships.	Some strategies are used to build student-student relationships.	No strategies are used to build student relationships.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
4	Teacher-Parent Relationships	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Puts school-to-home strategies in place Evidence:	Many strategies are used to create a positive school-to- home connection and engage with parents.	Some strategies are used to communicate with parents.	No strategies are used to connect or engage with parents.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.

Domain 2: Regulation

5	Physical Environment	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	See Room Scan for evidence	Overall sense of calm and balance. Clearly defined work areas.	Some adjustments made to create a more regulating environment.	Limited regulating elements are present. Classroom layout does not promote connection.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
6	Universal Proactive Supports	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Maintains sense of order with predictable routines and schedules Uses visuals Incorporates regulatory strategies that focus on the body Incorporates regulatory strategies that focus on the mind Manages sensory surprises Varies communication styles and learning activities Chunks content and manages workload Gives students their voice/encourages questions Teacher circulates among all students Conveys teacher readiness Evidence:	Whole classroom regulation strategies are used effectively. The teacher is organized, proactive and attuned to students' needs.	Whole classroom regulation strategies are used with some success and are starting to become an integral part of the classroom.	Some regulation strategies are used but are not a part of the culture of the classroom.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
7	Transitional Support	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Provides support before the transition Provides support during the transition Provides support after the transition Evidence:	Transition support is provided before, during, and after a transition. Teacher is attuned to students who need extra assistance with transitions. Support is effective.	Some transitional support is provided. It is mostly effective.	Transition support is limited or inconsistent.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.

## Domain 2: Regulation, continued

8	Individual Interventions	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Provides nourishment, water Encourages using the calm corner Offers weighted options Offers movement options Offers multisensory options Chunks individual assignments Offers breaks Provides students with 1:1 support Evidence:	Attuned to individual students' needs. Individual regulation strategies are appropriate, available and/or offered.	Some individual regulation strategies are available and/or offered.	Not attuned to students. Opportuni- ties to support individual students are missed.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
9	Awareness	3	• <u> </u>	•1	0	N/A
	Monitors students' well-being with emotional check-ins Notices students who begin to get dysregulated Validates students and uses open responses Evidence:	Genuine concern and awareness of students' emotional well-being. Uses empathetic and validating responses.	Some awareness of students' emotional well-being. Inconsis- tently gives empathy and validation.	Limited empathy and/or conversations about how students are feeling. Invalidat- ing responses.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
10	Window of Stress Tolerance	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Proactively sets bar of excellence within each student's window of stress tolerance Modifies expectations/workload before students hit breaking point Evidence:	Exhibits awareness of each student's window of stress tolerance. Differentiates expectations effectively.	Exhibits some awareness of each student's window of stress tolerance.	No awareness of varying windows of stress tolerance.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
11	Teacher Self-Regulation	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Models self-regulation and confidence Uses "I" statements and labels to describe own feelings Evidence:	Consistently regulated and self-confident.	Mostly regulated. Self-confidence emerging.	Dysregulated, stressed and/or easily triggered. Self-confidence is lacking.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.

# Domain 3: Language of Trauma

12	Communication Shift	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Understands student's negative behavior (what's driving the behavior?) Understands student's negative language (what are they really saying?) Takes mindful steps before responding Evidence:	Before responding to dysregulated student, teacher pauses, interprets negative behavior/language, and seeks to understand.	When students are starting to escalate, some connection is offered.	When students are escalating, teacher is reactive and focuses on stopping or changing the negative behavior.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
13	Right-Brain to Right-Brain De-Escalation	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Offers connection (listens, validates, accepts, tolerates, relates, etc.) Uses "We" and "I" statements Refrains from giving solutions, reminders of the rules, rational thinking, and/or consequences Evidence:	De-escalates students effectively. Is able to "join" the student.	Attempts to de-escalate students are not always effective. Somewhat focused on solutions and logic.	Attempts to de-escalate are ineffective. Focused solely on solutions and unable to "join" the student.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
14	Affect Tolerance	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Stays open to students' full range of emotions Stays in discovery mode, learns more about what is going on Evidence:	Absorbs negative language/behavior. Is able to tolerate intense emotions.	Somewhat able to handle students' negative attitude, language, behavior, and intense emotions.	Shuts down dysregulated students. No connection offered. Is unable to handle intense emotions.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
15	Nonverbal Communication	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Uses body language that is congruent with spoken words Uses accepting, positive, and safe body language Is attuned to the student's body language (receptive vs. resistant), hand gestures, volume, and touch Evidence:	Verbal and nonverbal communication match. Appropriately reads students' nonverbal communication.	Verbal and nonverbal cues do not always match. Somewhat able to read students' nonverbal cues.	Verbal and nonverbal communication are misaligned and confusing. Unable to read students' nonverbal cues.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
16	Positive Language	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Uses positive language in conversations about students' behavior Reframes negative behavior when writing incident reports, IEPs, 504s, and BIPs Uses positive language in report cards Evidence:	Describes negative behaviors with respect, dignity, and understanding.	Describes students in traditional language with some trauma- informed variations.	Describes students based solely off of their behaviors with traditional or negative language.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.

## Domain 4: Safety

17	Universal Safety Practices	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Discusses explicit safety rules and proactive safety plans Establishes safe spaces, exit strategies, mantras, and room clears Evidence:	Safety is the number one rule. Several appropriate proactive safety measures in place.	Some proactive safety measures in place.	<i>No whole-class proactive safety measures in place.</i>	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
18	Identification of Individual Safety Issues	3	•2	•——1	0	N/A
	ldentifies safety issues, triggers, and patterns of specific students Empowers students with safe place plans Evidence:	Attuned to students with known safety issues. Safety plans in place for specific students.	Some safety measures in place for individual students.	No proactive individualized safety plans.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
19	Responding in a Moment of Crisis	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Shifts from being empathetic to businesslike Establishes and practices an exit strategy Uses mantras Implements a last resort physical intervention plan Evidence:	Intervenes effectively in a moment of crisis. Able to remain calm and businesslike.	Moment-of-crisis plans are in place. Somewhat effective when intervening in a moment of crisis. Some fear-based dialogue evident.	Does not intervene appropriately in a moment of crisis. Ineffective in remaining calm and businesslike.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.

## Domain 5: Discipline and Empowerment

20	Regulatory-Based Discipline	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Refrains from using fear-based punishment / threats to call home / time-out Makes time to debrief with students regarding regulation throughout the day (use regulatory tracking system if available) Ensures teaching moments happen after the "in the moment" incident Uses a modified behavioral system that focuses on regulation and relationship Evidence:	Free of fear-based behavior tracking systems. Uses effective strategies to develop students' self-regulation skills and internal controls.	Some modifications made to behavioral system to incorporate regulation.	Uses a traditional behavioral system focused on points, rewards, and consequences.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
21	Consequences with Relational Support	3	•2	• <u> </u>	0	N/A
	Uses consequences that teach (debriefs, gives time to process, coaches) Offers relational support with the consequence (time-in, walk-talk-regulate, etc.) Maintains student understanding, support, and dignity Uses "you and me" language (not "you vs. me" language) Debriefs incident with sequential behavior reflection form Evidence:	Consequences regulate students and teach a better way forward. Connection is provided.	Some use of consequences to regulate and teach.	Consequences are mainly used to punish rather than to regulate or teach. Little connection is offered.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
22	Repair and Healing	3	•2	•——1	0	N/A
	Gives students a voice through conversations Uses restorative practices for classroom and small group conflicts Uses mediation for one-on-one conflicts Evidence:	Effective use of restorative practices to repair relationships after an offensive action.	Some use of restorative practices.	Little to no focus on repair, healing, or damage to relationships.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
23	Developmental Deficits	3	•2	• <u> </u>	0	N/A
	Identifies behavioral issues that stem from skill deficits Addresses deficits (cognitive, language, lagging organizational skills, listening, strategic thinking skills) Evidence:	Accurately identifies and addresses underlying skill deficits that can lead to behavioral issues.	Some identification of underlying develop- mental deficits.	Limited to no connection made between behavioral issues and develop- mental deficits.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
24	Grades	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Uses grades to encourage instead of deflate Scales back focus on grades; focuses on effort Focuses on students' happiness Provides a short-term and task-oriented plan for improving grades Evidence:	Grading system is positively structured and communicated with encouragement and supports.	Some modifications are made to communi- cate grades positively and focus on learning.	Traditional grading system with little to no positive communication.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.

### Domain 5: Discipline and Empowerment, continued

25	Social and Emotional Learning	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Teaches and models basic feeling words Incorporates SEL and brain science into the curriculum Applies trauma lens to modify SEL programs Prepares for resistance and dysregulation when teaching SEL Incorporates pro-social skills (turn taking, group work skills, eye contact, applause, manners) Evidence:	SEL skills are embedded and taught explicitly from a trauma lens. Safe, open, and caring environment invites social and emotional expression.	Limited discussion of trauma-related responses and disclosures. Some modifications made to SEL from a trauma lens.	Limited social and emotional expression in the classroom. SEL lessons are either non-existent, generic or not modified from a trauma lens.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
26	Self-Image and Identity Development	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Uses affirmations Offers a sense of purpose (jobs, mentors, buddies) Cultivates hope (concrete steps, goals, future plans, dreams) Evidence:	Many effective strategies used to address students' underlying negative belief systems.	Some strategies used to address students' underlying negative belief systems.	Limited to no strategies used to address students' negative belief systems.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.
27	Reflection and Ongoing Growth	3	•2	•1	0	N/A
	Is reflective (daily, weekly, monthly, yearly) Seeks out professional development opportunities Inspires others (takes a leadership role, mentors others, etc.) Finds the joy, celebrates small successes Evidence:	Continual efforts made to stay positive, reflect, and grow.	Some efforts made to stay positive, reflect, and grow.	Little to no efforts made to stay positive, reflect, and grow.	Unacceptable, damaging and/or inappropriate.	Not observed or not applicable.